

# **CUTTING DEVICE FOR SPRING MANUFACTURING MACHINES**

## **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates generally to a cutting device for spring manufacturing machines and, more particularly, to a cutting device including  
5 an actuator connecting a slider and a blade mounted on the slider to perform either a linear direction or an oval trace cutting in coil spring winding machines.

It is well-known a spring, such as a coil winding spring, is widely used  
10 as an absorber in cars, toys, appliances, switches and etc. As the spring elements are necessitated for various mechanical and electronic devices, the spring manufacturing machines keep continually to enhance the quality and yield rate of the spring production. For example, the US patent No. 6,178,862 discloses a cutting tool assembly in coil spring winding machines,  
15 as shown in Figure 1, including a tool track 10a, a transmission mechanism 20a, a sliding seat 30a and a guiding seat 40a. This assembly uses the sliding seat 30a and the guiding seat 40a for the cutting in a vertical direction. To do the cutting in a progressive tilt direction, the guiding seat 40a is dismantled and the sliding seat 30a may be replaced by another  
20 sliding seat to fix the slider therein.

However, this conventional cutting tool assembly has the drawbacks as follows.

1. To do the cutting in the progressive tilt direction, the guiding seat 40a has to be dismantled from the assembly and replace the sliding seat 30a.  
25 It always needs a precise adjustment of the machine after the assembly is changed. Also it takes time and needs a technician to complete the

dismantlement and replacement. Therefore, under a highly changing frequency of the sliding and guiding seats 30a, 40a in the coil spring winding machines, the producing efficiency may be reduced. Besides, the sliding and guiding seats 30a, 40a may be easy to get worn in such changes.

5           2. The sliding seat 30a is connected to the tool track 10a by several screws 31a fixed therein. Nevertheless, this kind of screw fixation cannot provide a precise connection. Furthermore, the slider of the tool track 10a is suspended and a dynamic loading due to the movement of the slider of the sliding seat 30a is also endured by the screws 31a. Therefore, it may be easy  
10 to get broken in the connection. Next, in order to adjust the cutting point of the blade, the screws 31a have to be unscrewed first, and a retaining nut 11a is used to relocate the position of the slider of the tool track 10a. Therefore, it may be not so convenient for the adjustment.

          Therefore, there exist inconvenience and drawbacks for practically  
15 application of the above conventional cutting tool assembly in coil spring winding machines. There is thus a substantial need to provide an improved cutting device for spring manufacturing machines that resolves the above drawbacks and can be used more conveniently and practically.

## BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

20           It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide an improved cutting device for spring manufacturing machines to perform either a linear direction or an oval trace cutting operation by simply using a switching pin.

          Another object of the present invention is to provide an improved  
25 cutting device for spring manufacturing machines with an easy assembly and

precise structure to reduce the producing and maintaining cost and increase the efficiency and yield rate of spring manufacturing machines.

Still another object of the present invention is to provide an improved cutting device for spring manufacturing machines to exactly adjust a cutting  
5 point of a blade by simply turning a knob.

In order to achieve the above-mentioned objects, the cutting device for spring manufacturing machines includes an actuator, a transmission mechanism and a sliding mechanism. The actuator includes a base with a shaft opening, and a connecting rod with a pin hole and a pivot hole fixedly  
10 mounted to the base. The transmission mechanism includes a driving shaft furnished in the shaft opening to drive the actuator in an eccentric revolving movement. The sliding mechanism includes a track, a positioning shaft, a blade adjusting block, a slider, a switching pin, a connecting pivot and a blade. The positioning shaft and the blade adjusting block are fixed on the  
15 track. The slider including a first and a second axial holes linearly moves back and forth in the track. The connecting pivot is inserted through the first axial hole and the pivot hole to connect the slider and the connecting rod. The blade is connected to the slider. Thereby when the switching pin is inserted through the second axial hole of the slider and the pin hole of the  
20 connecting rod, the track will swing with respect to the positioning shaft so that the blade will perform an oval trace cutting operation under the linear movement of the slider and the swing of the track, and when the switching pin is removed, the track is fixed so that the blade will perform an linear direction cutting operation.

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## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These, as well as other features of the present invention, will become more apparent upon reference to the drawings wherein:

Figure 1 shows a front view of a conventional cutting tool assembly in spring winding machines;

5        Figure 2 shows a perspective view of connecting an actuator and a sliding mechanism of a cutting device for spring manufacturing machines according to the present invention;

Figure 3 shows a perspective view of the assembly in Figure 2;

Figure 4 shows an exploded view of the actuator;

10       Figure 5 shows an exploded view of the sliding mechanism;

Figure 6 shows a first cutting operation of the present invention;

Figure 7 shows a second cutting operation of the present invention;

Figure 8 shows a third cutting operation of the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

15       Referring to Figures 2 and 3, the present invention provides a cutting device for spring manufacturing machines including an actuator 1, a transmission mechanism 2, a sliding mechanism 3 and a machine plate 4.

As shown in Figure 4, the actuator 1 includes a base 10, a blade adjusting knob 11, a fixing block 12, a connecting rod 13, a fixing seat 14, a  
20       fixing plate 15 and a shaft cap 16. The L-shaped base 10 includes a shaft opening 101 and a plurality of threaded holes 102. A driving shaft 20 with an eccentric cam of the transmission mechanism 2 is fixedly furnished in the shaft opening 101 with the cap 16 covered thereon. The knob 11 is mounted in a through hole 103 of the base 10. The knob 11 is a stepped cylinder with  
25       an annular recess 111 on the bottom portion to engage with the fixing block 12. A threaded hole 112 is formed in the bottom end of the knob 11 for one

threaded end of the connecting rod 13 to be screwed therein. The connecting rod 13 has a substantial rectangular shape with a pivot hole 131 and a pin hole 132 formed therein. The connecting rod 13 is precisely fitted in the fixing seat 14. The substantial U-shaped fixing seat 14 includes a plurality of through holes 141 for the screws to pass through to screw in the corresponding threaded holes 102 so that the connecting rod 13 is fixedly secure by the base 10 and the fixing seat 14.

Furthermore, another threaded holes 104 and 142 are formed in two sides of the base 10 and the fixing seat 14, respectively. The fixing plate 15 is then fixed on two sides of the base 10 and the fixing seat 14 to further secure the connecting rod 13.

As shown in Figure 5, the sliding mechanism 3 includes a track 30, a positioning shaft 31, a blade adjusting block 32, a slider 33, a switching pin 34, a connecting pivot 35, a blade 36 and a cover plate 37. The track 30 includes a circular recess 301 and a slot 302 on the back thereof for locating the position shaft 31 and the blade adjusting block 32, respectively. A sliding groove 303 is formed in the front of the track 30 for the slider 33 moving therein. The slider 33 includes a first and second axial holes 331 and 332 in the top portion thereof for inserting the connecting pivot 35 and the switching pin 34, respectively. A recess 333 is also formed in the top portion of the slider 33 for locating the connecting rod 13. The blade 36 is fixedly mounted in a groove 334 formed in the front surface of the bottom portion of the slider 31, and is covered by the cover plate 37.

The machine plate 4 includes a first and a second shaft holes 40 and 41. The driving shaft 20 is pivotably furnished through the first shaft hole 40, and the position shaft 31 is pivotably furnished in the second shaft hole 41. A blade adjusting seat 42, including a recess 421 in the bottom thereof

and two bolts 422 on two opposite sides, is mounted on the machine plate 4 between two shaft holes 40, 41. The top portion of the blade adjusting block 32 is received in the recess 421 after the sliding mechanism 3 is mounted on the machine plate 4 by the position shaft 31. Meanwhile, the connecting rod 13 is located in the recess 333 and pivotably connected to the slider 33 by the connecting pivot 331.

A first cutting operation of the present invention is shown in Figure 6. The switching pin 34 is not inserted into the second axial hole 332 of the slider 33 and the pin hole 132 of the connecting rod 13. The bolts 422 of the blade adjusting seat 42 are adjusted to clamp the blade adjusting block 32; therefore, the track 30 is fixed. The driving shaft 20 of the transmission mechanism 2 drives the actuator 1 revolving with respect to the driving shaft 20. The connecting rod 13 then actuates the slider 31 with a linear movement in the track 30; therefore, the blade 36 can perform a vertical direction cutting in coil spring winding machines. Furthermore, in order to adjust the cutting point of the blade 36 in the present invention, it is much easier to be achieved merely by turning the knob 11.

Refer to Figure 7, it can further obtain a second cutting operation of the present invention via the blade adjusting seat 42 in Figure 6. When the switching pin 34 is still removed from the cutting device, the bolts 422 are be correspondingly adjusted to tilt the track 30 with respect to the positioning shaft 31 through the blade adjusting block 32. Therefore, the blade 36 can perform a linear but tilt direction cutting in coil spring winding machines.

A third cutting operation of the present invention is shown in Figure 8. When the switching pin 34 is inserted into the second axial hole 332 of the slider 33 and the pin hole 132 of the connecting rod 13, the slider 33 of the

sliding mechanism 3 is still actuated by the connecting rod 13 of the actuator 1 to linearly move back and forth in the track 30. Meanwhile, the bolts 422 of the blade adjusting seat 42 are adjusted not to clamp the blade adjusting block 32. Due to the positioning shaft 31 of the sliding mechanism 3 is  
5 pivotably furnished in the second shaft hole 41 of the machine plate 4, the track 30 will swing with respect to the positioning shaft 31. Therefore, the blade 36 can perform an oval trace cutting in coil spring winding machines.

Other embodiments of the invention will appear to those skilled in the art from consideration of the specification and practice of the invention  
10 disclosed herein. It is intended that the specification and examples to be considered as exemplary only, with a true scope and spirit of the invention being indicated by the following claims.